

# Maths at St Katherine's

Key Stage 1

# New Concepts by Year Group

## Reception

- Counting
- Comparison
- Part-whole
- Representations of number

## Year 1

- Addition and subtraction
- Number bonds to 10
- Place Value
- Fractions  $\frac{1}{2}$

## Year 2

- Multiplication and division
- 2, 3, 5, 10 x tables
- Fractions –adding, equivalence, non-unitary

# Reception

- Direct teaching
- Learning through play
- Daily access to high quality play that expose number/shape and stimulate maths thinking
- Individual observations to track understanding



Dice



Cubes



Balance Scales



Watch



Real coins



Cuisenaire rods



Height chart



Marbles



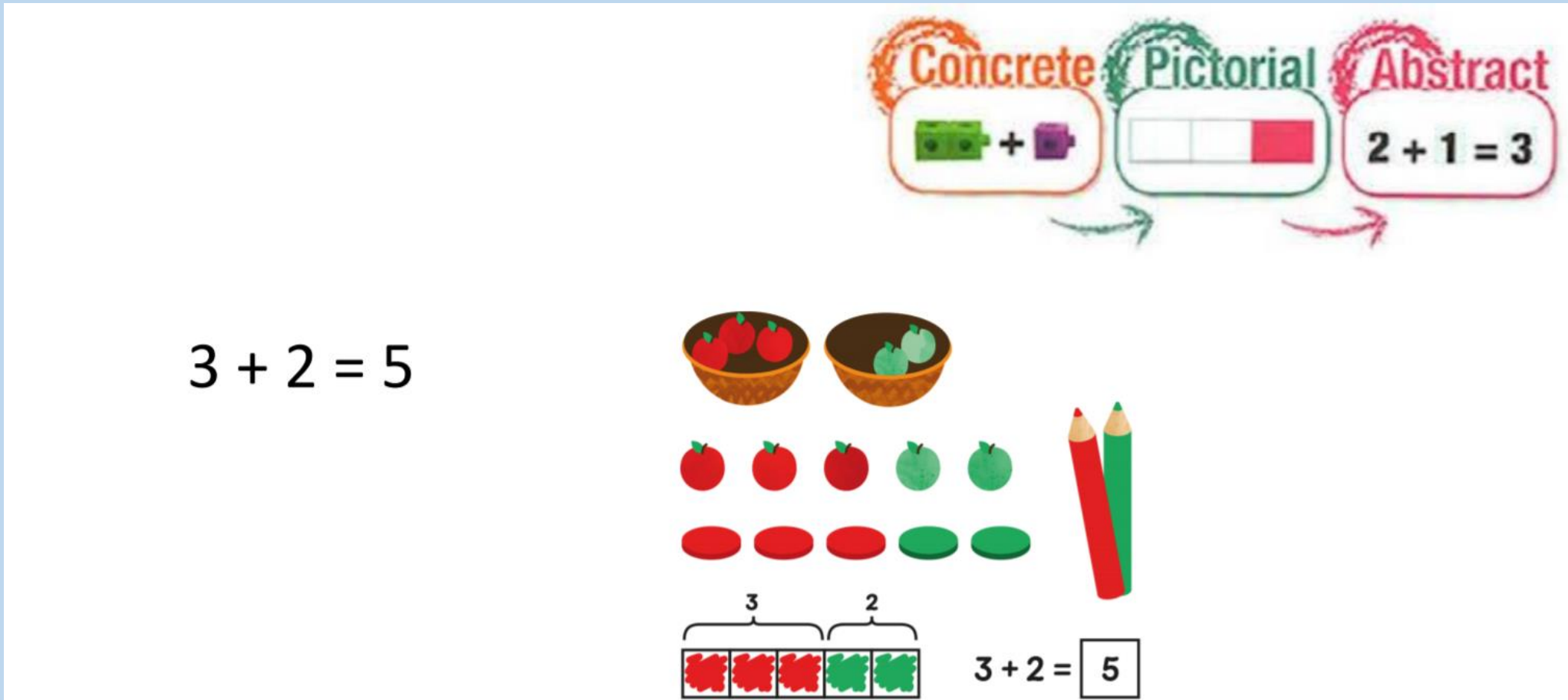
Numicon

# What is counting?

- EYFS progression chart

Part whole model – NumberBlocks episode  
'The Whole of Me'

Concrete then pictorial then abstract for all new concepts (CPA)



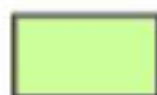
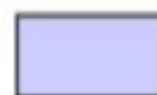
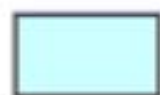
# Number Facts Below 20

+	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0 + 0	0 + 1	0 + 2	0 + 3	0 + 4	0 + 5	0 + 6	0 + 7	0 + 8	0 + 9	0 + 10
1	1 + 0	1 + 1	1 + 2	1 + 3	1 + 4	1 + 5	1 + 6	1 + 7	1 + 8	1 + 9	1 + 10
2	2 + 0	2 + 1	2 + 2	2 + 3	2 + 4	2 + 5	2 + 6	2 + 7	2 + 8	2 + 9	2 + 10
3	3 + 0	3 + 1	3 + 2	3 + 3	3 + 4	3 + 5	3 + 6	3 + 7	3 + 8	3 + 9	3 + 10
4	4 + 0	4 + 1	4 + 2	4 + 3	4 + 4	4 + 5	4 + 6	4 + 7	4 + 8	4 + 9	4 + 10
5	5 + 0	5 + 1	5 + 2	5 + 3	5 + 4	5 + 5	5 + 6	5 + 7	5 + 8	5 + 9	5 + 10
6	6 + 0	6 + 1	6 + 2	6 + 3	6 + 4	6 + 5	6 + 6	6 + 7	6 + 8	6 + 9	6 + 10
7	7 + 0	7 + 1	7 + 2	7 + 3	7 + 4	7 + 5	7 + 6	7 + 7	7 + 8	7 + 9	7 + 10
8	8 + 0	8 + 1	8 + 2	8 + 3	8 + 4	8 + 5	8 + 6	8 + 7	8 + 8	8 + 9	8 + 10
9	9 + 0	9 + 1	9 + 2	9 + 3	9 + 4	9 + 5	9 + 6	9 + 7	9 + 8	9 + 9	9 + 10
10	10 + 0	10 + 1	10 + 2	10 + 3	10 + 4	10 + 5	10 + 6	10 + 7	10 + 8	10 + 9	10 + 10





Zero in Addition

Doubles,  
Doubles Plus OneAdd With Ten  
(10 as an Addend)Counting On 1, 2, 3;  
Order PropertyMake a Ten  
(adding 7, 8, 9)

+	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0 + 0	0 + 1	0 + 2	0 + 3	0 + 4	0 + 5	0 + 6	0 + 7	0 + 8	0 + 9	0 + 10
1	1 + 0	1 + 1	1 + 2	1 + 3	1 + 4	1 + 5	1 + 6	1 + 7	1 + 8	1 + 9	1 + 10
2	2 + 0	2 + 1	2 + 2	2 + 3	2 + 4	2 + 5	2 + 6	2 + 7	2 + 8	2 + 9	2 + 10
3	3 + 0	3 + 1	3 + 2	3 + 3	3 + 4	3 + 5	3 + 6	3 + 7	3 + 8	3 + 9	3 + 10
4	4 + 0	4 + 1	4 + 2	4 + 3	4 + 4	4 + 5	4 + 6	4 + 7	4 + 8	4 + 9	4 + 10
5	5 + 0	5 + 1	5 + 2	5 + 3	5 + 4	5 + 5	5 + 6	5 + 7	5 + 8	5 + 9	5 + 10
6	6 + 0	6 + 1	6 + 2	6 + 3	6 + 4	6 + 5	6 + 6	6 + 7	6 + 8	6 + 9	6 + 10
7	7 + 0	7 + 1	7 + 2	7 + 3	7 + 4	7 + 5	7 + 6	7 + 7	7 + 8	7 + 9	7 + 10
8	8 + 0	8 + 1	8 + 2	8 + 3	8 + 4	8 + 5	8 + 6	8 + 7	8 + 8	8 + 9	8 + 10
9	9 + 0	9 + 1	9 + 2	9 + 3	9 + 4	9 + 5	9 + 6	9 + 7	9 + 8	9 + 9	9 + 10
10	10 + 0	10 + 1	10 + 2	10 + 3	10 + 4	10 + 5	10 + 6	10 + 7	10 + 8	10 + 9	10 + 10



# Addition with 2 digit numbers

- Eg
- $46 + 5 =$
- $46 + 30 =$
- $46 + 21 =$
- $46 + 45 =$
- $98 + 7 =$

# Subtraction with 2 digit numbers

- $46 - 2 =$
- $46 - 7 =$
- $46 - 21 =$

# Addition and subtraction as inverse

- $4 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 12$

- $5 + 7 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 20$

- $36 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 20$

- $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 7 = 12$

# Times Tables

Why learn your times tables?

Really establish the patterns with the 2 x table before learning it by rote and before trying to learn all the others

Say the multiplication fact, not the multiple

Go slowly just up to  $5 \times 2$  to start with

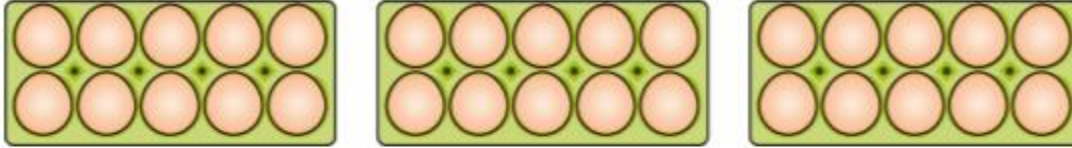
Have your child write it out and look at the products – point out the pattern – all even

Use concrete apparatus like 2p coins to represent the fact

Call out individual facts eg  $7 \times 2 =$  practise, practise, practise

# Times tables

*'How many eggs are there? Count in groups of ten.'*



10

10

10

- *'Ten, twenty, thirty. There are thirty eggs.'*
- *'There are three groups of ten; there are thirty altogether.'*

$$3 \times 10 = 30$$

- *'Three is a factor.'*
- *'Ten is a factor.'*
- *'The product of three and ten is thirty.'*
- *'Thirty is the product of three and ten.'*

$$1 \times 10 = 10$$

$$2 \times 10 = 20$$

$$3 \times 10 = 30$$

$$4 \times 10 = 40$$

$$5 \times 10 = 50$$

$$6 \times 10 = 60$$

$$10 \times 1 = 10$$

$$10 \times 2 = 20$$

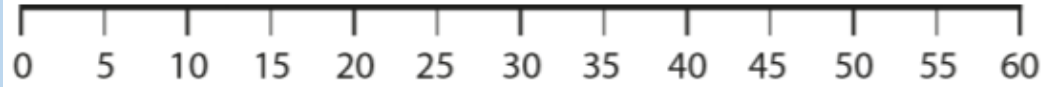
$$10 \times 3 = 30$$

$$10 \times 4 = 40$$

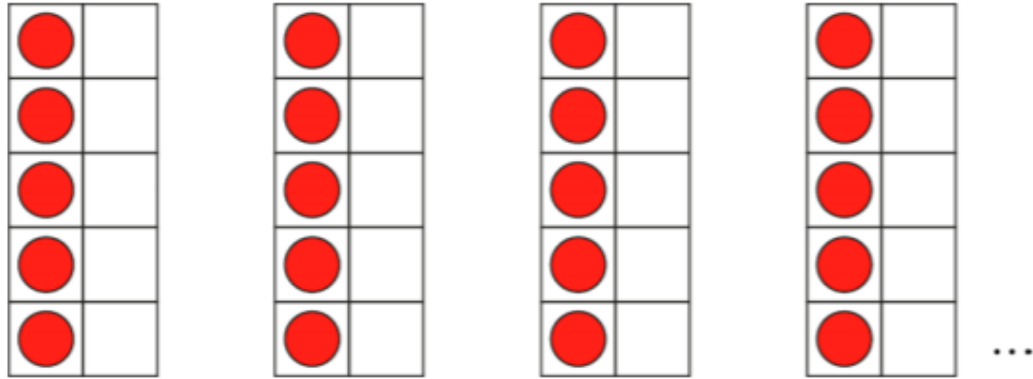
$$10 \times 5 = 50$$

$$10 \times 6 = 60$$

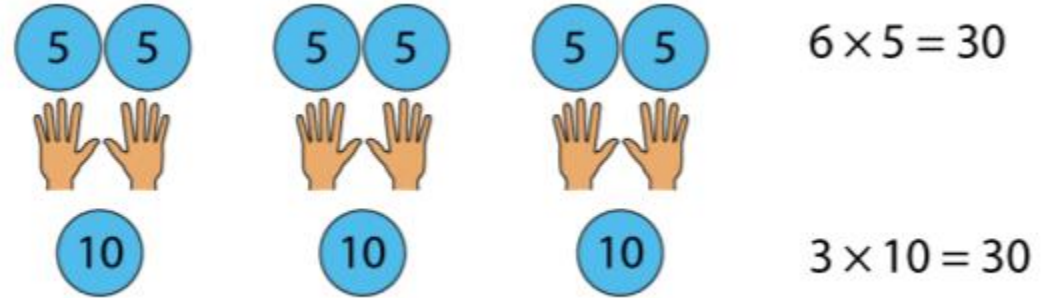
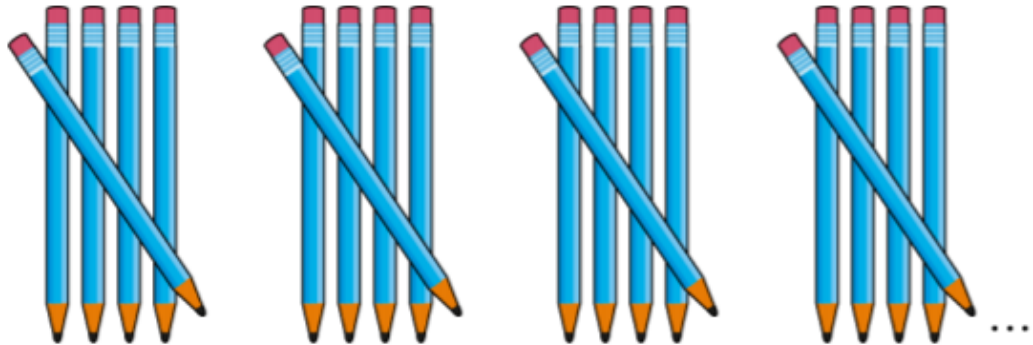
Skip counting in fives – number line:



Skip counting with groups of five objects – cardinality visible:



Skip counting groups of five – tally arrangement:

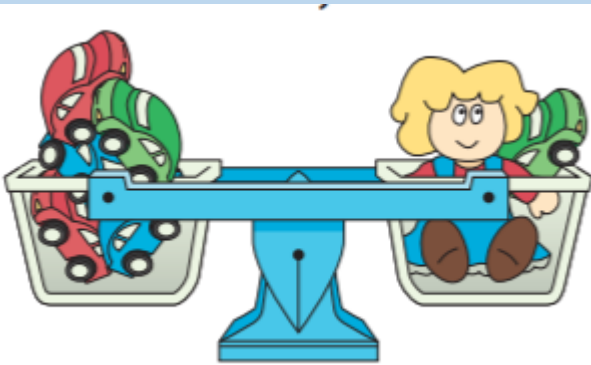


# Extension by digging deeper not by accelerated curriculum Year 1 examples

Lollies cost 5p each.

A pack of 3 lollies costs 13p.

How much money do you save when you buy a pack of 3 lollies instead of 3 single lollies?



The doll weighs the same as how many cars?

Write a pair of numbers in the boxes to add to 12.

$$\square + \square = 12$$

And another pair, and another, and another.  
Can you find all possibilities? Convince me!

Gemma thought of a number. One more than her number was 18.  
What was her number?

Gemma thought of a number. Ten more than her number was 67.  
What was her number?

Gemma thought of a number. Ten less than her number was 71.  
What was her number?



